

OREGON Labor Laws

Sick Time

sick time is protected but unpaid. Minimum Wag **Bureau of Labor & Industries** every three months.) MINIMUM WAGE **CONTACT US** You must be paid at least minimum wage. The rate depends on where you work. If your employer isn't following the law or something feels wrong, give us a call. The Bureau of Labor and Industries is here to enforce these laws \$14.70 per hour * For Clackamas, Multnomah & Washington counties, if you work and protect you. INSIDE the urban growth boundary, you should make the Portland Metro Area rate. If you work OUTSIDE the urban growth boundary, Standard you should make the Standard rate. Look up your work address here: Benton, Clatsop, Columbia, Deschutes, Hood River, Jackson, Josephine, Lane, Lincoln, Linn, Marion, Polk, Tillamook, oit.lv/metroboundar\ Wasco, Yamhill, parts of * Clackamas, Multnomah, & Washington Family Leave \$15.95 per hour **Portland Metro Area** * Clackamas, Multnomah, & Washingtor \$13.70 per hour **Nonurban Counties** OFLA applies to employers with 25 or more employees. Baker, Coos, Crook, Curry, Douglas, Gilliam, Grant, Harney, Jefferson, Klamath, Lake, Malheur, Morrow, Sherman, Umatilla, Union, Wallowa, Wheeler You can take up to a total of 12 weeks of time off per year for: Every worker must be paid at least minimum wage. Few exceptions apply. Providing care to your child related to an The minimum wage goes up every year. These rates are in effect from July 1, 2024 to June 30, 2025. The next minimum wage increase is on July 1, 2025. illness, injury or conditions that requires Using tips to cover minimum wage is illegal in Oregon home care or when your child's school or Deductions are allowed if legally required (like taxes) or if you agree in writing and the deduction is for your benefit. Your paycheck must show this information. child care provider is closed as a result of a If you make close to minimum wage, you may gualify for the Earned Income Tax Credit. Visit eitcoutreach.org public health emergency. **CONTACT US** similar position if your old job no longer exists. If your employer isn't following the law or OREGON **OREGON LAWS** Call: 971-245-3844 something feels wrong, give us a call. The Bureau **BUREAU OF** Email: BOLI_help@boli.oregon.gov of Labor and Industries is here to enforce these LABOR & **Protect You At Work** laws and protect you. **CONTACT US** Web: oregon.gov/boli INDUSTRIES July 2024 - June 2025 Se habla español. If your employer isn't following the law or something feels wrong, give us a call. The Bureau of Labor and Industries is here to enforce these laws and protect you. **NOTICE:** This state has its own minimum wage law. Employers are also required to display the federal Employee Rights Under the Fair Labor Standards Act posting, which indicates the federal nimum wage. Where federal and state rates both apply to an employee, the U.S. Department of Labor dictates that the employee is entitled to the higher minimum wage rate. THIS NOTICE IS FOR INFORMATIONAL PURPOSES ONLY. Harassment, Domestic Violence Breaks, Overtime **Bureau of Labor & Industries BREAKS & MEALS + OVERTIME & PAYCHECKS** Your employer is required to give you breaks where you have no work responsibilities. There are specific rules about overtime pay and paychecks. SEXUAL HARASSMENT **BREAKS & MEALS** Length Breaks Breaks For each 8 hour work shift you get these breaks free from work responsibilities: make it available to employees within the workplace. 2 hrs or less 0 0 Two **10** minute paid rest breaks (15 minutes if you are under 18) 2 hrs 1 min – 5 hrs 59 min 1 0 One 30 minute unpaid meal break (generally during the two hours after your third hour of work) 6 hrs 1 1 You also get reasonable breaks as needed to express milk (and a private space that is 6 hrs 1 min – 10 hrs 2 1 not a bathroom to pump) until your child reaches 18 months of age. 10 hrs 1 min – 13 hrs 59 min 3 1 DOMESTIC VIOLENCE PROTECTIONS If your shift is longer or shorter than 8 hours, refer to the chart here or visit oregon.gov/boli/workers/Pages/meals-and-breaks.aspx for more information. 14 hrs 2 14 hrs 1 min – 18 hrs 4 2 easonable changes to support your safety. **OVERTIME & PAYCHECKS** procedure, or other adjustment after threatened or actual events. You must receive overtime pay at 1.5 times your regular pay rate for hours you work over 40 in a workweek (or over 55 if you only work in agriculture — over 48 beginning January 1, 2025). Exceptions are limited. situation, and more. Daily overtime also applies in some industries including manufacturing establishments and seafood processing. Special overtime rules also apply to certain work contracted for by government agencies, public works projects, canneries and some hospital employee Regular paydays are required by law. You must receive a paycheck at least every 35 days. Your employer must provide you with a detailed paystub. If you are fired or permanently laid off, you must get your last paycheck by the end of the next business day. If you quit with at least 48 hours' notice, you must get your last paycheck on your last day of employment. If you do not give 48 hours' notice, you must get your last paycheck within 5 business **CONTACT US** days or the next payday, whichever is first. If your employer isn't following the law **CONTACT US** or something feels wrong, give us a call. The Bureau of Labor and Industries is here If your employer isn't following the law or to enforce these laws and protect you. OREGON **OREGON LAWS** Call: 971-245-3844 omething feels wrong, give us a call. The **BUREAU OF** Bureau of Labor and Industries is here to enforce Email: BOLI_help@boli.oregon.gov **Protect You At Work** LABOR & these laws and protect you. Web: oregon.gov/boli **INDUSTRIES** July 2024 - June 2025 Se habla español. Accommodations Equal Pay **Bureau of Labor & Industries EQUAL PAY** Your employer must pay you the same as your coworkers doing similar work. It's illegal for your employer to pay you less than someone else because of your gender, race, veteran status, disability, age, color, religion, national origin (including language), marital status, sexual orientation, or pay history. Different pay may be allowed if there is system based on specific factors named in the law including one or more of the following: seniority, merit, a system that measures earnings by quantity or quality of production, workplace location, travel, education, training, or experience. You're also protected during the hiring process: Acquisition or modification of equipment or devices; Employers cannot ask for your salary/pay history before they make an offer of employment More frequent or longer break periods or periodic rest; Employers cannot screen job applicants based on current or past salary/pay history Assistance with manual labor Employers cannot determine compensation for a job based on the pay history of a potential new employee (not including internal transfers) Your employer can't use pay cuts to make your pay equal with other employees. A reasonable period of leave; or If you need to, you can file a complaint at **oregon.gov/boli**. You could get back pay and the pay difference you are owed going forward. Modification of work schedules or job assignments. **CONTACT US** If your employer isn't following the law or OREGON **OREGON LAWS** Call: 971-245-3844 omething feels wrong, give us a call. The **BUREAU OF** Email: BOLI_help@boli.oregon.gov Bureau of Labor and Industries is here to enforce LABOR & **Protect You At Work** these laws and protect you. Web: oregon.gov/boli INDUSTRIES July 2024 - June 2025 Se habla español. accommodation **Captive Audiences Bureau of Labor & Industries CAPTIVE AUDIENCES Religion, Politics, Labor Unions & Captive Audiences** You have a right to not attend or participate in employer-sponsored meetings or communication that is primarily about your employer's opinion on labor unions or religious or political matters. This includes meetings or communication regarding joining or not joining a union. Employers are prohibited from taking adverse action against an employee who has declined to attend a captive audience meeting or made a good faith report of a violation of this Exceptions apply to employers which are religious or political organizations. **CONTACT US** If your employer isn't following the law or OREGON **OREGON LAWS** Call: 971-245-3844 something feels wrong, give us a call. The **BUREAU OF** Email: BOLI_help@boli.oregon.gov Bureau of Labor and Industries is here to enforce **Protect You At Work** LABOR & hese laws and protect you. Web: oregon.gov/boli **INDUSTRIES** July 2024 - June 2025

Se habla español.



What you need to know

What are my rights?

If you are eligible for paid leave, your employer cannot prevent you from taking it. Your job is protected while you take paid leave if you have worked for your employer for at least 90 consecutive calendar days. You will not lose your pension rights while on leave and your employer must keep giving you the same health benefits as when you are working.

How is my information protected?

Any health information related to family, medical or safe leave that you choose to share with your employer is confidential and can only be released with your permission, unless the release is required by law. What if I have questions about my rights?

It is unlawful for your employer to discriminate or retaliate against you because you asked about or claimed paid leave benefits. If your employer is not following the law, you have the right to bring a civil suit in court or to file a complaint with the Oregon Bureau of Labor & Industries (BOLI). You can file a complaint with BOLI online, via phone or email:

Web: www.oregon.gov/boli

Call: 971-245-3844

- Email: help@boli.oregon.gov
- Learn more about Paid Leave Oregon
- Web: paidleave.oregon.gov **Call:** 833-854-0166

Email: paidleave@oregon.gov

Know your rights You have the right to notify your employer, Oregon OSHA, or both about workplace hazards. You may ask Oregon OSHA to keep your name confidential. You have the right to refuse to perform a hazardous task that would expose you to imminent danger or serious physical harm and there is no reasonable alternative. You have the right to request an Oregon OSHA inspection if you believe there are unsafe or unhealthy conditions in your workplace. You or your representative may participate in the inspection. You have the right to report a work-related injury or illness, without being retaliated or discriminated against. You have the right to see Oregon OSHA citations issued to your employer. Your employer must post the citations at the workplace. Your employer must correct workplace hazards by the date indicated on the citation, and must certify that these hazards have been reduced or eliminated. You have the right to your work-related exposure records covered under Oregon OSHA's rules. This includes any OSHA medical records and personal sampling records. You have the right to request your workplace injury and illness log, known as the "OSHA 300 log" and "OSHA 300A summary." You have the right to know about hazardous substances used in your workplace. You have the right to file a complaint with the Oregon Bureau of Labor and Industries (BOLI) within one year, or with federal OSHA within 30 days, of discrimination by your employer for making safety and nealth complaints or for exercising your rights under the Oregon Safe Employment Act. The Oregon Safe Employment Act of 1973 provides job safety and health protection for workers through the promotion of safe and healthful working conditions throughout the state. The Oregon Occupational Safety and Health Division (Oregon OSHA) of the Department of Consumer and Business Services has the primary responsibility for administering the act. This includes the right to refuse work that would expose you to serious physical harm or imminent danger.

Oregon OSHA adopts occupational safety and health standards, and its trained safety and health compliance officers conduct workplace inspections to ensure compliance with the Oregon Safe Employment Act.

Anyone who wants to register a complaint about the administration of the Oregon Safe Employment Act can do so by contacting:

U.S. Department of Labor OSHA Region 10

20425 72nd Ave South, Suite 150A Kent, WA 98032-2388 206-757-6700

Oregon OSHA has a staff of trained safety and health professionals available to work with businesses in all industries to improve workplace safety and health. Consultations and training opportunities are available at no charge to Oregon businesses by calling any of the phone numbers listed.

This free poster is available from Oregon OSHA — It's the law! —

Know your retaliation



Know your whistleblower

To update your labor law posters contact J. J. Keller & Associates, Inc. JJKeller.com/laborlaw 800-327-6868



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